Washington, WAC 173-201A. These practices will be adhered to during all phases of design and construction, and maintained thereafter. A Stormwater Site Plan covering both temporary and permanent BMPs will be developed for each NSF project phase. The site plan will cover the requirements of the NPDES.

# Mitigation

No mitigation is proposed.

There are no anadromous fish in the Spokane River. Resident species will be protected by utilizing best management practices and timing of work in the water in accordance with a Hydraulic Project Approval administered by Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife.

# Social/Economic Impacts

#### **Farmland**

#### **Studies and Coordination**

Information for this report came from the Spokane County Soils Survey and the U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Important Farmlands of Spokane County Map; the city of Spokane and Spokane County planning and zoning maps; and by land use survey. Coordination was conducted with SCS to comply with the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA) (see Table 4-24).

The SCS has determined that the FPPA applies to this project. The FPPA requires that each corridor under study be evaluated to determine impacts and the resultant conversion of identified farmlands. An impact rating has been determined for each corridor, using Form AD 1006. If the corridor receives a total rating of less than 160 points, it is given a minimal level of consideration for protection and no additional sites will be evaluated. If the corridor receives more than 160 points, it will receive higher levels of consideration for protection, and additional alternatives must be evaluated. These are the guidelines and criteria for assessing impact ratings under 7 CFR Part 658.4 and 658.5.

#### **Affected Environment**

#### Prime Farmland

Prime farmland is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, fiber, forage, oilseed, and other agricultural crops with minimum input of fuel, fertilizer, pesticides, and labor, and without intolerable soil erosion, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture. Prime farmland includes land that possesses the above characteristics but is being currently used to produce livestock or timber. It does not include land already in or committed to urban development or water storage.

See Figure 4-23 for prime farmland located in and along each alternative route.

#### Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance

Farmland of statewide or local importance is farmland other than prime or unique that is of statewide or local importance for production of food, feed, fiber, forage, or oilseed crops, as determined by appropriate state or local government agency or agencies and the Secretary of Agriculture. See Figures 4-23 for Farmland of Statewide Importance.

#### **Impacts**

(For discussion of construction activity impacts, see the Construction Activity Impacts section of this EIS.)

# Highway Runoff

Highway runoff resulting from the project is not expected to impact the productivity of adjacent farmland.

#### Changes in Land Use

No designated farmland within the city of Spokane's jurisdiction would be impacted by project-induced growth. Such growth may occur northeast of the city; however, Spokane County policy requires that growth and development follow the County Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Ordinances. While there are parcels presently being farmed, these areas are designated for urban, suburban, and semi-rural use. Thus, if such farmland is taken out of active production, it would be consistent with county plans.

On the other hand, some subdivision of agricultural lands into acreage parcels consistent with county zoning is taking place on the metropolitan fringe. Although these areas are not intended for residential use, families seeking a country lifestyle with the ability to keep livestock are building homes on these parcels. Increased accessibility could make these parcels more desirable.

#### No-Build Alternative

This alternative would not impact the availability of productive designated farmland.

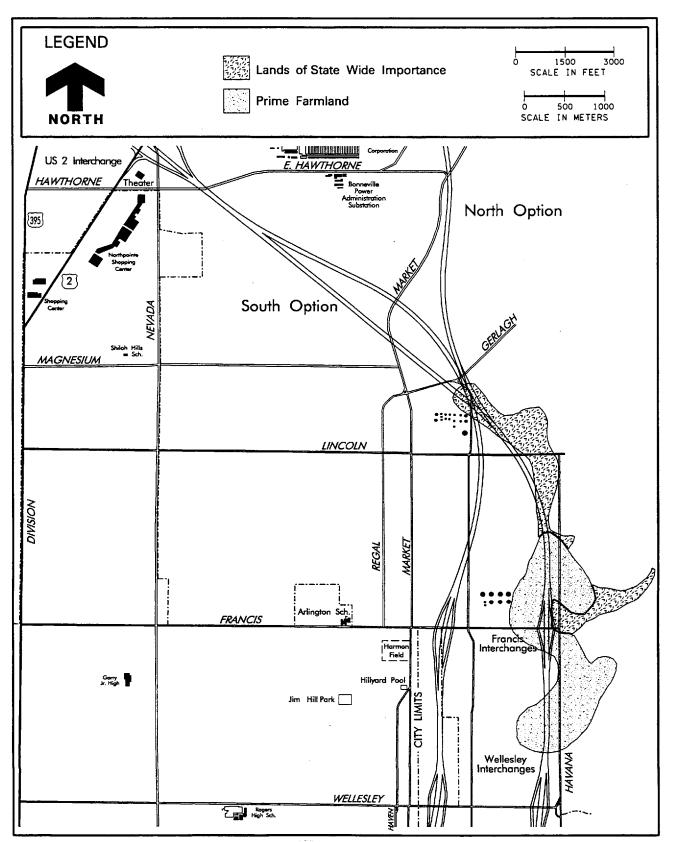
# Market/Greene Alternative (Preferred Alternative)

There would be a narrow strip of prime farmland acquired north of Lincoln Road. This option would traverse a .24 kilometer (.15 mile) strip of land (approximately .72 hectare [1.8 acres]). Spokane County's Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Maps designate this area for industrial use.

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North Spokane Freeway

S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTUI od Conservation Service	FARMLAND CONVI	ERSION I	MPACT RAT	ING	SCS	-CPA-106	
	FOR CORRIDO						
PART I (To be completed by Federal Agency)		3. Date of	3. Date of Land Evaluation Request		4. Sheet 1 of		
Name of Project Spokane North-South Freeway		5. Eeders	5. Federal Angliway Administration				
L Type of Project New Freeway Construction		6. County	6. County and Stame Spokane, Washington				
ART I (I a be completed by SCS)		1. Date 8	1. Date Request Received By SCS 2 Person Completing Form				
the comment address and the competition that the	icana et al anida de la cal la casa de la cal		17-94		nosted (Average Far		
Does the corridor contain prime, un (If no, the FPPA does not apply - Do	o not complete additional parts of th	is lorm).	• <del> </del>	The second second second	11 243	The second se	
. MaiorCopys - wheat, barley, lenti	5. Farmable Lar	nd in Governm	ent Amisdiction		Ol Farmand As Deán 614,572	ed in FPPA 54	
Name Ottand Evaluation System Used     LESA				GOOD GOOD GOOD TO THE THE CONTRACT OF THE CONT	and Evaluation Recor 2-94	the make the contract of the contract of	
PART III (To be completed by Federal Agency)			Alternative Corridor For Segment				
			Corridor A	Corridor B	Corridor C	Corridor D	
L. Total Acres To Be Converted Directly  3. Total Acres To Be Converted Indirectly, Or To Receive Services			884	574	785	175	
C. Total Acres In Corridor			884-	874	785	775	
PART N (To be completed by SCS) Land Eveluetion information			North Market	North Havana	South Market	South Havan	
A. Total Acres Prime And Unique Farmland			North Market	3.9	5.2	5.5	
3. Total Acres Statewide And Local Important Farmland			0.0	7.1		7.1	
C. Percentage Of Farmland In County Or Local Govt. Unit To Be Converted			0.0006	0.0018	0.0008	0.002	
). Percentage Of Farmland in Govt. Jurisdiction With Same Or Higher Rela			.70	74 %	70	74	
PARTY (To be completed by SCS) Land Evaluation Criterion Relative of Fermiand to Be Serviced or Converted (Scale of 0 - 100 Points)			50	40	50	<b>40</b>	
PART VI (To be completed by Fede Assessment Criteria (These criteria	- ••	Maximum Points					
1. Area in Nonurban Use		15	1-0	1.0	3.0	2.0	
Perimeter In Nonurban Use     Percent Of Corridor Being Farmed		10	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Percent Of Corricor Being Farmed     Protection Provided By State And Local Government		20	0.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	
5. Size Of Present Farm Unit Compared To Average		10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0-0	
Creation Of Nonfarmable Farmland		25	25.0	25.0	250	25.0	
7. Availability Of Farm Support Services -		5	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
8. Cn-Farm investments		20	0.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	
Effects Of Conversion On Farm Support Services     Compatibility With Existing Agricultural Use		10	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	
TOTAL CORRIDOR ASSESSMENT POINTS		160	37.0	61.0	1/ ^	1.2 0	
PART VII (To be completed by Federal Agency)		1.00	31.0	ا این	100.0	المين	
Relative Value Of Farmland (From Part V)		100	500	40.0	50.0	40.0	
Total Comdor Assessment (From Part VI above or a local site assessment )		160	37.0	61.0	66.0	621	
TOTAL POINTS (Total of above 2 lines)		250	87.0	101.0	116.0	1020	
Comdor Selected:	2. Total Acres of Farmlands to be	3. Date C	Selection:	4. Was A Local S	Site Assessment U	sed?	
NA	Converted by Project:	N	(A	Ven I	_ No 1⊠		
Corridor Selected:     2. Total Acres of Farmlands to be		3. Date C	87.0   Selection:   A	101-0 4. Was A Local S	4. Was A Local Site Assessment Use		
Signature of Person Completing This	Part:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DAT	E9/1-/20		
				•	1/6/94		

# **Farmland Conversion Impact Rating for Corridor Type Projects Table 4-24**



Market/Greene (Preferred Alternative) and Havana Alternative Prime & Unique Farmland Figure 4-23

# North Option (Preferred Alternative)

A small strip of land designated prime farmland near the juncture of the Market/Greene and Havana routes would be acquired. This option crosses a .24 kilometer (.15 mile) strip of land (approximately 0.72 hectare [1.8 acres]). Spokane County's Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Maps designate these areas for residential and industrial uses.

# South Option

A small strip of land designated as prime farmland near the juncture of the Market/Greene and Havana routes would be acquired. This option crosses a .46 kilometer (.28 mile) strip of land (approximately 1.36 hectares [3.4 acres]). Spokane County's Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Maps designate these areas for residential, industrial, and commercial uses.

#### Havana Alternative

This route traverses three farmland areas of (approximately 3.68 hectares [9.2 acres]) that are designated as prime farmland and land of statewide importance between Wellesley and north of Francis Avenues.

The first section of the route crosses approximately .52 kilometer (.33 mile) of land (approximately 1.56 hectares [3.9 acres]) designated as land of statewide importance north of Wellesley Avenue. The second section traverses approximately .27 kilometer (.17 mile) of land (approximately .84 hectares [2.1 acres]) designated as prime farmland just north of Francis Avenue. The last section crosses approximately .43 kilometer (.27 mile) of land (approximately 1.28 hectares [3.2 acres]) designated as land of statewide importance north of Francis Avenue. Because these areas are designated for urban and semi-rural residential uses, the impact of land acquired from them is not substantial.

# I-90 Collector/Distributor (C/D) System (part of the Preferred Alternative)

There would be no impacts to prime farmlands or farmlands of statewide importance. The impact ratings determined by applying the evaluation guidelines of the FPPA are below the 160 point threshold (see Table 4-24). Based on the ratings obtained, the United States Department of Agriculture recommends that a minimal level of consideration for protection be given to the farmlands within the proposed right of way, with no requirement for additional site evaluation.

# Mitigation

Any topsoil removed from areas of prime farmland and farmland of statewide importance will be scraped and stockpiled rather than covered over. The topsoil can then be used for erosion control and in areas of planting for BMPs.